# **COURSE OUTLINE**

### (1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	ENGINEERING			
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL AND MANAGEMENT			
	ENGINEERING			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	OI0112 SEMESTER 8			
COURSE TITLE	Derivatives and new financial products			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
			3	5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d)				
COURSE TYPE	SPECIAL BACKGROUND/SPECIALISED GENERAL			
general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	KNOWLEDGE/ SKILLS DEVELOPMENT			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	FINANCIAL ANALYSIS			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	GREEK			
EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://www.fme.aegean.gr/en/c/financial-risk-analysis-and-			
	managemen	t		

### (2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Financial derivative products are one of the basic tools of modern finance. In fact, within the current global volatile financial environment, financial derivatives are becoming increasingly important as can be used both for hedging and speculation. The course is addressed to undergraduate students of the Financial Engineering Track and focuses on both the structure and the operating mechanisms of the financial derivatives markets. More specifically, we present (a) the main types of financial derivatives (forwards, futures, options and swaps), (b) the various pricing techniques (e.g., mark-to-market (futures) and binomial model (options), etc.,) and their underlying ideas (eg., absence of arbitrage). Emphasis will be given on both real-world applications as well as the underlying mathematical framework. Examples stemming from risk management and speculation will be presented. More specifically, upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

• Recognize the various categories of financial derivatives and fully understand their structure, basic characteristics and importance in modern Finance. Special emphasis will be given to Forward contracts, Futures contracts and Options.

- Know how the daily settlement of Futures contracts is carried out. Furthermore, to use Futures contracts for hedging purposes.
- Calculate the value and the price of Forward and Futures contracts (when the underlying asset is not paying dividends and when the underlying is paying dividends).
- Know the basic structural properties of options (both European and American) written on a stock.
- Calculate bounds for the price of options (both European and American) and realize the connection between these bounds and the absence of arbitrage. Moreover, if the above bounds are not satisfied, to know how to achieve arbitrage.
- Price European options with the Black-Scholes model.
- Price European and American options with binomial trees.

### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work
- Working in an international environment
- Working in an interdisciplinary environment
- Production of new research ideas
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

# (3) SYLLABUS

Introduction to financial derivatives. Forward and Futures contracts. The mechanism of Futures market, part I: Daily settlement (the case of Futures contract on currency, stocks and indexes). The mechanism of Futures market, part II: hedging with Futures (Long hedge, Short hedge). The mechanism of Futures market, part III: hedging with Futures (basis risk arising from different dates or/and different assets – cross hedging). Calculate the value and the price of Forward and Futures contracts (when the underlying asset does not pay/pay dividends). Options, part I: a basic introduction. Options, part II: properties of options (European and American) written on a stock. Options, part III: bounds for the price of options (European and American) + arbitrage opportunities. Pricing European options with the Black-Scholes model. Pricing European and American options with binomial trees.

# (4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face to face			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of ICT in teaching. Use of ICT in laboratory education.			
<b>TEACHING METHODS</b> The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	ActivityLectures/LaboratorypracticeStudy and analysis of thebibliographyProjectsFinal exam2 midterm exams	Semester workload 39 84 18 3 6		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	Course total Written examinations at the in Greek, which include que development and understa the course, as well as pro Final grade is calculated a Final exam:50% Exercises: 15%	tal 150   xaminations at the end of the semester, which include questions of knowledge nent and understanding of the content of se, as well as problem solving.   de is calculated as:   m:50%   s: 15%		
given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	Midterm exams:35%			

# (5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

### - Suggested bibliography:

- Χρηματοοικονομικά Παράγωγα (2014). Θ. Πουφινάς και Χ. Φλώρος. Εκδόσεις Δίσιγμα.
- Εισαγωγή στα Παράγωγα Χρηματοοικονομικά Προϊόντα (2017). Π. Αγγελόπουλος. Εκδόσεις Σταμούλη.
- Βασικές Αρχές των Αγορών Συμβολαίων και Δικαιωμάτων (2017). J. Hull. Ελληνική Έκδοση, εκδόσεις Κλειδάριθμος.